Growth of large ...

S/564/61/003/000/003/029 D228/D304

H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, the dimensions of the growing crystal become smaller; any further increase in the acidity results in the mass-formation of parasitic crystals, while a reduction in the pH alters the crystal's external appearance; the isometric form is replaced by an elongated shape. In conclusion the authors assert that crystals weighing I kg can be grown by this menthod. Acknowledgement is also made to Z. I. Vorob'yeva and I. S. Ruda for their help in the experimental work. There are 5 figures and 5 references: 1 Soviet-bloc and 4 non-Soviet-bloc. The references to the English-language publications read as follows: B. T. Matthias, G. E. Miller, I. P. Remeika, Phys. Rev., 104, 1, 849, 1956; E. A. Wood, A. N. Holden, Acta crystallogr., 10, 145, 1957; Bell Lab. Rec., 35, 7, 271, 1957; I. M. Dion, Acta crystallogr., 12, 259, 1959.

Card 3/3

### "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/19/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000723730001-8

KOLDOBSKAYA R. M. and MEDNIKIAN G. A.

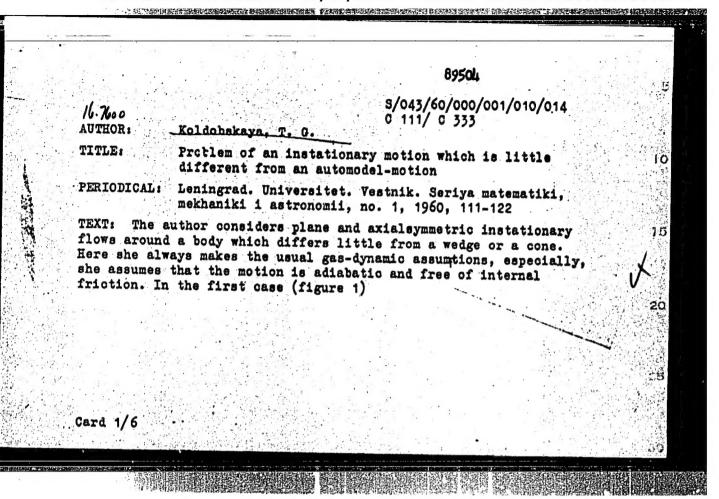
3714. Koldobskaia R.M. and Mednikian G.A. Changes in lysozyme activity of the saliva under the influence of pathological conditions and of materials used for prostheses Stomatologiya, Moscow 1949, 4 (46-50)

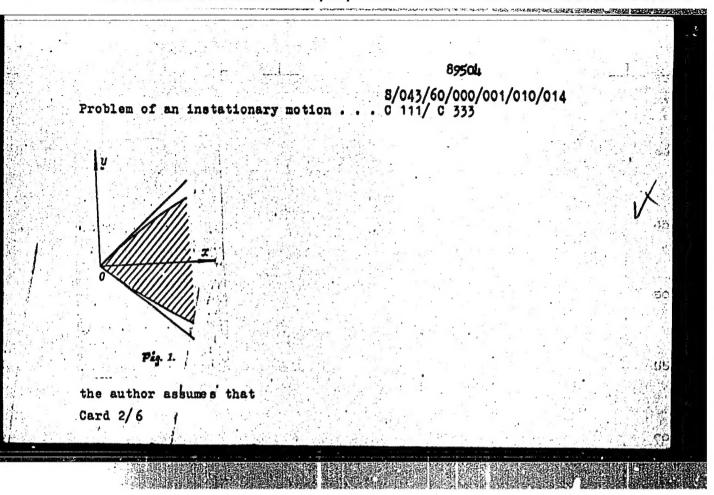
The average concentration of salivary lysosyme under normal oral conditions is 1:640 and its activity does not diminish until a dilution of 1:1280 is reached. At dilution 1:40,000 the activity totally disappears. In periodontic disease, caries etc. the activity of lysosyme diminishes and concentrations of 1:10 - 1:160 are required for activity. In presence of prosthetic material (gold, steel, plastic) the same conditions as observed in the pathological cases are valid. The activity of lysosyme has no relation to pH or viscosity of saliva.

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SO: Ercerpta Medica Section II Volume III No. 7

### "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/19/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000723730001-8





8/043/60/000/001/010/014
Problem of an instationary motion . . . 0 111/ 0 333

$$u(x,y,t) = u_0(x,y,t) + u_1(x,y,t);$$
  
 $v(x,y,t) = v_0(x,y,t) + v_1(x,y,t);$ 

 $p(x,y,t) = p_0(x,y,t) + p_1(x,y,t);$ 

 $g(x,y,t) = g_0(x,y,t) + g_1(x,y,t),$   $g(x,y,t) = g_0(x,y,t) + g_1(x,y,t),$ 

(1.2)

holds, where the  $u_1$ ,  $v_1$ ,  $p_1$ ,  $g_1$  and their first derivatives are small of first order compared with  $u_0$ ,  $v_0$ ,  $p_0$ ,  $g_0$ . Under this assumption the equations of the plane instationary gas motion are linearized. After having passed over to the variables  $\frac{x}{t}$ ,  $\frac{x}{t}$ ,  $\frac{y}{t}$  the author obtains a linear system with variable coefficients, the solution of which is sought according to K. P. Stanyukovich (Ref.9: DAN SSSR, 112, 4, 595-598, 1957) in the form

$$\begin{array}{lll} u_{1}(f,\eta,t) = t^{K-1} \, \widetilde{u}(f,\eta); & v_{1}(f,\eta,t) = t^{K-1} \overline{v}(f,\eta); \\ p_{1}(f,\eta,t) = t^{K-1} \overline{p}(f,\eta); & p_{1}(f,\eta,t) = t^{K-1} \overline{p}(f,\eta), \end{array}$$
(1.5)

Card 3/6

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5/043/60/000/001/010/014

Problem of an instationary motion . . . 0 111/ 0 333

where  $\infty \geqslant 1$  is a constant,  $\overline{u}$ ,  $\overline{v}$ ,  $\overline{p}$ ,  $\overline{g}$  are new unknowns. After having substituted (1.5) into the equations of motion, one obtains a system which does no longer contain t explicitly. Setting up the boundary conditions the author states that the set up (1.5) is justified only if the profile of the body flown around can be sufficiently exactly described by

 $y = tg \omega \cdot x + c_1 x^{ot} , \qquad (1.7)$ 

where c,x is small. Furthermore, the surface of the strong discontinuity must have the form

$$y = tf(\xi) + t^{\alpha} \varphi(\xi),$$
 (1.9)

where  $\gamma = f(\frac{1}{2})$  is the equation of this surface for the main flow and  $t = f(\frac{1}{2})$  is small. If all these assumptions are satisfied, then the boundary conditions on the wedge surface can be written down (since the deviation from it is small). If (1.7), (1.9) are not satisfied, then the author uses the set up

Card 4/6

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S/043/60/000/001/010/014
Problem of an instationary motion . . C 111/ C 333

$$p_{1}(\hat{\xi}, \hat{\eta}, t) = \sum_{i=1}^{n} t^{\frac{n}{2}-1} \tilde{p}_{i}(\hat{\xi}, \hat{\eta}) ;$$

$$g_{1}(\hat{\xi}, \hat{\eta}, t) = \sum_{i=1}^{n} t^{\frac{n}{2}-1} \tilde{g}_{i}(\hat{\xi}, \hat{\eta}) ,$$
(1.14)

which makes no principal difficulties, however, causes an extensive work.

The system obtained for determining T, V, p, is investigated according to the method of characteristics of S. V. Vallander (Ref.8: Vestnik LGU, No. 19, 106-112, 1959). The author especially states that the boundary between the elliptic and hyperbolic domain is given by

$$(u_o - \xi)^2 + (v_o - \eta)^2 - a_0^2$$
, (2.9)

and is the same as for the automodel motion; see H. F. Ludloff, M. B. Friedman (Ref. 4: J. aeron. sci., 1, 27-34, 1955).

Card 5/6

5/043/60/000/001/010/014

Problem of an instationary motion . . . 0 111/ 0 333

The axial symmetric case is treated analogously. The author thanks A. A. Grib, Lecturer for the guidance and S. V. Vallander, Professor, for advices.

There are 2 figures, 7 Soviet-bloc and 2 non-Soviet-bloc references. The two references to English-language publications read as follows: J. B. Keller, A. Blank. Comm. pure app. maths., v.4, 75-94, 1951; H. F. Ludloff, M. B. Friedman. J. aeron. sci., 1, 27-34, 1955. SUBMITTED: January 28, 1959

Card 6/6

24:180

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S/043/61/000/003/005/008 D201/D305

AUTHORS:

Koldobskaya, T.G. and Sychev, I.A.

TITLE:

Irregular shock-wave reflection on curvilinear wall

PERIODICAL:

Leningrad. Universitet. Vestnik. Seriya matematiki,

mekhaniki i astronomii, no. 3, 1961, 111-120

TEXT: The effect is investigated of the curvature of a cylindrical reflecting wall on the pressure exerted on it by the diffraction and irregular reflection of a plane shock wave. The method of T. G. Koldobskaya (Ref. 7: Zadacha o neustanovivshemsya dvizhenii, blizkom k avtomodel'nomu. Vestnik Leningr. un-ta, no. 1, 111-122, 1960) is adopted, based on the assumption that the investigated flow resembles a self-simulating progressive flow which arises by reflection of the same shock wave on a wedge nearly similar to the cylindrical surface. The protile (of small curvature) of the cylindrical surface is  $y * tg \omega * x + cl x$  (1.1) where  $\omega$  is the semi-angle of the wedge;  $c_1$  and  $\alpha$  are constants chosen in accordance with the shape of the profile. The problem Card 1/4

Irregular shock-wave...

S/043/61/000/003/005/008 D201/D305

of irregular reflection of the same shock wave on the wedge y = tg ω. x is considered to have a known solution. The flow determined by that solution is called self-simulating. The sought after functions are: u,v - the projections of the velocity w on the x- and yaxes (Fig. 1); p - the pressure; P - the density. In its general formulation, the problem can be numerically solved by the method of nets. The author proceeds to determine the flow parameters for an actual profile of type (1.1). With some additional assumptions, the problem is readily solved by the above method and the results for the line MS (Fig. 1) which are important in practice, can be obtained analytically. To obtain the initial data for computations and verifying the basic assumption of the method, experiments in a shock tube were conducted. The parameters of the waves and flow were found from photographs taken by means of the Tepler apparatus. A comparison of shadowgraphs showed that the fronts of the waves reflected by the wedge and by the cylindrical wall practically coin-The difference in the corresponding Mach waves is small. The flow parameters on surface of reflecting wall are determined. For (which characterizes the change in entropy of the flow near the Card 2/4

2h180 \$/043/61/000/003/.005/008 Irregular shock-wave D201/D305 wedge) the expression (3.7) is obtained as the solution of a differential equation. The solution  $\int_{\mathcal{M}} F(s) \frac{\rho_{\text{OM}}}{\rho_{\text{O}}} ds$ (3.9) The greatest change in the flow parameters for the cylindrical profile as compared to the wedge, takes place on the line MS (Fig. 1). The maximum change in parameters at M, compared with existing values for shock reflection by the wedge, constitutes: For pressure - 30%, for density - 15% and for velocity - 29%. The parameters were determined to within an accuracy of 10%. There are 5 figures and 8 references: 5 Soviet-bloc and 3 non-Soviet-bloc. The references to the English-language publications read as follows: M.J. Lighthill. The diffraction of blast I. Proc. Roy. Soc., A 198, 454-470, London, 1949; H.F. Ludloff, M.B. Friedman. Aerodynamics of blasts diffrac-Card 3/4

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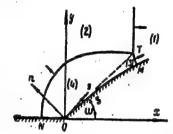
Irregular shock-wave...

S/043/61/000/003/005/008 D201/D305

tion of blast around corners. J. aeron. sci., I, 27-34, 1955.

Abstracter's note: Ref. 3: H.F. Ludloff: Aerodinamika vzryvnykh voln - is a translation into Russian

Fig. 1: Diagram of irregular shock-wave reflection



Puc. 1. Схема нерегулярного отражения ударной водим.

Card 4/4

KOLDORSKAYA, T.G.; SYCHEV, I.A.

Irregular reflection of shock waves from a curvilinear wall
[with summary in English]. Vest. LGU no.13:111-120 '61.

(Shock waves)

(MIRA 14:7)

#### PHASE I BOOK EXPLOITATION SOV/6156

作。 一种,我们就是我们的人,我们就是我们的人,我们就是我们的人,我们就是我们的人,我们就是我们的人,我们就是我们的人,我们就是我们的人,我们就是我们的人,我们就是

- Cherkasova, L. S., K. V. Fomichenko, T. M. Mironova, F. D. Koldobskaya, V. A. Kukushkina, V. G. Remberger
- Ioniziruyushcheye izlucheniye i obmen veshchestv (Ionizing Radiation and Metabolism). Minsk, Izd-vo AN BSSR, 1962, 152 p. Errata slip inserted. 2, 200 copies printed.
- Sponsoring Agency: Akademiya nauk Belorusskoy SSR. Institut fiziologii.
- Resp. Ed.: L. S. Cherkasova; Ed. of Publishing House: T. Zaytseva; Tech. Ed.: A. Atlas.
- PURPOSE: This book is intended for physicians, biologists, biochemists, radiologists, and students of medical institutes.
- COVERAGE: This monograph summarizes the results of the most recent investigations in the field of radiation biochemistry. Attention has been

Card 1/

 $\mathbf{Z}$ 

KOLDOBSKIY, A.G.; MEDVEDEV, S.I.; PISKOPPEL', F.G.; YAKOBSON, M.G. Prinimali uchastiye: BERKHIN, I.B.; OSLIKOVSKAYA, Ye.S.; PEREKISLOVA, A.M.; LITVIN, V.M.; PARKHOMENKO, Ye.V.; STOTIK, A.M.; SHAPIRO, T.I.; STRU-MILIN, S.G., akad., glav. red.; ALEXSENKO, G.V., red.; ANISIMOV, N.I., red.; VOLODARSKIY, L.M., rek.; GERSHBERG, S.R., red.; RAZAHOVA, G.V., kand. ekonom. nauk, starshiy nauchnyy red.; KISEL'MAN, S.M., starshiy nauchnyy red.; KISEL'MAN, S.M., starshiy nauchnyy red.; LIVANSKAYA, F.V., kand. ekonom. nauk, starshiy nauchnyy red.; GLAGOLEV, V.S., nauchnyy red.; NEDRAYEV, V.I., nauchnyy red.; TUMANOVA, N.L., nauchnyy red.; TOVMASIAN, M.E., red.; BLAGODARSKAYA, Ye.V., mladshiy red.; SHUSTROVA, V.M., mladshiy red.; ZENTSEL'SKAYA, Gh.A., tekhn. red.

[The economic life of the U.S.S.R.; chronicle of events and facts; 1917-1959] Ekonomicheskaia zhizn' SSSR; khronika sobytii i faktov 1917-1959. Glav. red. S.G.Strumilin. Chleny red. kollegii: Aleksenko i dr. Moskva, Gos. nauchn.izd-vo "Sovetskaia entsiklopediia," 1951. 779 p. (MIRA 14:10)

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"Effect of Food Factors on the Structure of the Tonsils and on the Clinical Aspect of Tonsillitis." Gand Med Sci, First Leningrad Medical Inst, Leningrad, 1953. (RZhBiol, No. 8, Apr 55)

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KOLDOBSKIY, A. M.

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SO: Knizhnava Lotopis: No. 39, 24 Sept 55

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KOLDOBSKIY, B. I., RAZORENOV, V. (.

Electric Lighting, Fluorescent

Several new designs of reflectors for fluorescent lamps. Tekst. prom., No. 1, 1952.

9. Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, March 1958, Uncl.

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KOLDOBSKIY, B. I., RAZORENOV, V. I.

Electric Lighting, Fluorescent

Several new designs of reflectors for fluorescent lamps. Tekst. prom., No. 1, 1952

9. Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, March 195%, Uncl.

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SOV/112-59-1-698

Translation from: Referativnyy zhurnal. Elektrotekhnika, 1959, Nr 1, pp 92-93 (USSR)

AUTHOR: Lyuter, R. A., Samoylovich, N. Ya., and Koldobskiy, M. I.

TITLE: Thermal Durability of Squirrel-Cage-Rotoz AC Electric Machinery

PERIODICAL: Elektrosila, Nr 15, 1957, pp 29-42

ABSTRACT: Heating of induction and synchronous motors is examined under these conditions: starting, undervoltage operation, cutting-off one phase of the synchronous motor, overload up to the limit of steady-state stability, and excitation loss. Temperature rise in  ${}^{O}$ C of the starting rotor winding during the starting period is  $\Theta_{\rm C} = C$ ;  $(1 - {\rm e}^{-t_{\rm n}/T_{\rm s}})$ , where w is the average value of losses during starting per unit surface of bars in w/cm<sup>2</sup>; C = 20-100 degrees cm<sup>2</sup>/w is the heating constant of piece bars over the steel (it depends on the tightness of bar-steel contact), roughly  $C \approx 50$ ;  $T_{\rm s}$  is the time constant of bar heating for round copper bars; with C = 50,  $T_{\rm s} \approx 44$  d<sub>C</sub> per sec, where d<sub>C</sub> is

**Card 1/7** 

Thermal Durability of Squirrel-Cage-Rotor AC Electric Machinery

the bar diameter in cm;  $t_n = \frac{T_m M_H}{M_n K_u}$  is the starting time in seconds.

(Translator's note: Apparently, the first formula is incorrectly typeset in the Russian original.) The quantity of heat evolved in the rotor over the starting period with the initial slip s of the rotating rotor is

$$Q_p = \frac{s^2}{2} T_m M_H \frac{1}{K_u}$$
 in kw. sec, where

 $T_{\rm m} = \frac{27.4 \text{ GD}^2 (n_{\rm N}/100)^2}{M_{\rm H}}$  is the mechanical time constant in sec;

 $\frac{1}{K_u} \approx \frac{1}{1 - M_C/M_D}$ ;  $M_H$  is the rated motor torque in synchronous kw;  $n_{ij}$  is rated rps;  $M_D$  and  $M_C$  are the starting torque and the resistance torque of the drive (in

Card 2/7

Thermal Durability of Squirrel-Cage-Rotor AC Electric Machinery

synchronous kw), both being functions of the slip s in the general case; GD<sup>2</sup> is the flywheel effect of all spinning masses in ton·m<sup>2</sup>. In simplified calculations, under the assumption of adiabatic heating, the temperature rise over the starting period of the rotor starting winding made from copper, brass, or bronze can be computed from the formula  $\Theta = 1.28 \frac{t_n M_n}{G} k_k k_b$  in <sup>O</sup>C where G is the starting winding weight in kg; the coefficients  $k_k = 0.80$ –0.90 and  $k_b = 1$  for a single-cage winding;  $k_k k_b = 0.60$ –0.75 for a double-cage motor whose upper cage weighs G. Assuming one hot starting and two cold startings with the rotor temperature rise of  $\frac{\Theta_{\text{max}}}{k_k k_b} = 250^{\circ}\text{C}$  for single-cage induction motors and 300°C for synchronous and double-cage induction motors, the maximum starting time permissible by rotor heating conditions will be  $t_n$  max = 195  $\frac{G}{M_n}$  for single-cage induction motors and

Card 3/7

Thermal Durability of Squirrel-Cage-Rotor AC Electric Machinery

 $t_n$  max = 235  $\frac{G}{M_n}$  for synchronous and double-cage induction motors. On the basis of stator heating conditions, assuming a temperature rise of 35-40°C per one starting for class-A insulation windings and of 50-55°C for class-B insulation windings, the permissible starting time in seconds will be  $t_n'$  max =  $\frac{7,850}{j_{nn}^2}$  for class-A insulated windings and  $t_n'$  max =  $\frac{10,500}{j_{nn}^2}$  for class-B insulated windings, where  $j_{nn}$  is the initial starting current density in amp/mm<sup>2</sup>. Estimated values of permissible starting time are between 4 and 15 sec. In 3-kv synchronous and induction motors, the starting time is limited by rotor overheating, while in 6-kv induction motors, by stator overheating. With an undervoltage and motor operation within its stable range, the permissible time of operation with the voltage 1 - p as a fraction of the rated

Card 4/7

Thermal Durability of Squirrel-Cage-Rotor AC Electric Machinery

voltage is  $t_p^i = \frac{1.25}{I_p^{i,2}-1} t_{1.5}$  in seconds, where  $t_{1.5}$  is the standard

permitted 50%-current overload time (GOST 183-55 specifies 60 and 120 sec); the stator current in induction machines I' as a fraction of the rated current is determined, for undervoltage conditions, from the current diagram for the specified active power; in the synchronous machines the field current, as a fraction of the rated current, for undervoltage conditions, should be determined from the vector diagram for the field current. In case of a considerable

undervoltage, the deceleration time of the motor is  $T' = T_m \frac{M_H}{M_C - M_n/(1 - p^2 cdk)}$ . Over the time required to attain the slip s the rotor-winding temperature rise will be  $\Theta_s^i = 1.28 \frac{T' M_n (1-p)^2 s^2}{G} k_k k_b$  in  $^oC$ .

Card 5/7

Thermal Durability of Squirrel-Cage-Rotor AC Electric Machinery

The permissible speed drop, for undervoltage conditions, can be determined from this rule: over the deceleration time down to the slip s and over the subsequent speed-rise time on voltage recovery, the rotor-winding temperature rise should not exceed the specified value  $\Theta_{---}$  in  ${}^{O}C$ . Here

rise should not exceed the specified value 
$$\Theta_{\max}$$
 in  ${}^{O}C$ . Hence,
$$S = \sqrt{\frac{\Theta_{\max} G}{1.28 \left[T' M_n (1-p)^2 + T_m M_h/k_u\right] k_k k_b}}$$
When the motor is operation with

When the motor is operating with one phase cutoff, its stator current is equal to the line-to-line voltage divided by the sum of positive-phase-sequence and negative-phase-sequence impedances. The time of one-phase-off operation is largely determined by heating the rotor with negative-phase-sequence currents

 $I_2(b q/e)$ . The quantity  $A_2 = \int_0^t I_2^2 dt$ , where t in seconds should not exceed

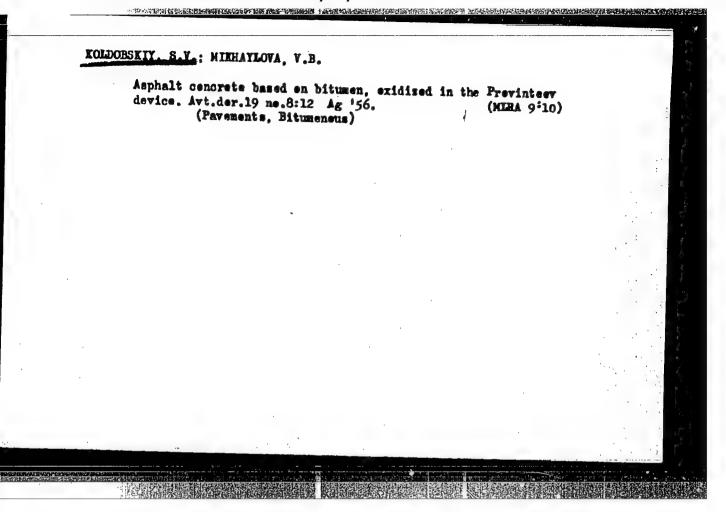
Card 6/7

Thermal Durability of Squirrel-Cage-Rotor AC Electric Machinery

120-150 for induction motors, about 60 for synchronous motors (except for 2-pole types), and about 30 for 2-pole synchronous motors. Permissible time of under-load operation of a synchronous motor on loss of field can be determined in a way similar to the undervoltage case, i.e., considering the value of stator or rotor current and the value of  $t_{1.5}$ .

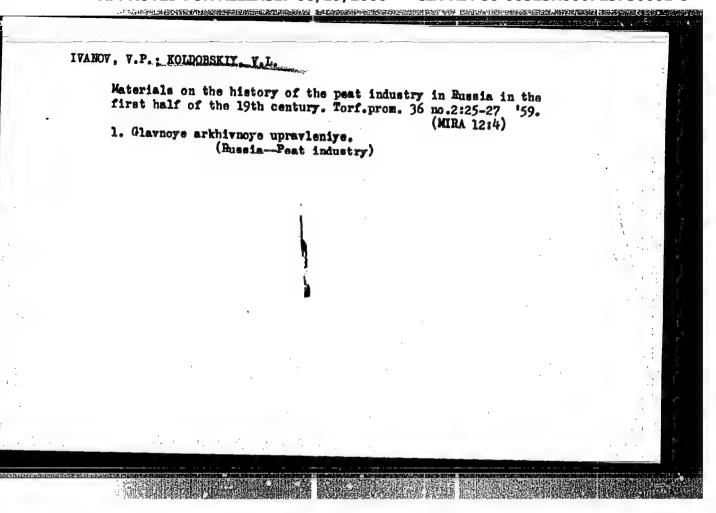
Ye. Ya. K.

**Card** 7/7



KOLDOBSKIY, S.V.; SLOVINSKIY, N.A.; ANTONOV, Ye.A.; ARZHAYEV, I.S.; ZHOKHOV, B.I.

Main highway of friendship. Avt.dor. 28 no.8:14-18 Ag '65. (MIRA 18:11)



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USSR/General Problems. Methodology, History, Scientific Institutions and Conferences, Instruction, Questions Concerning Bibliography and Scientific Documentation.

Abs Jour: Referat. Zhurnal Khimiya, No 2, 1958, 3460.

: N. A. Smirnov, A. S. Yablonskiy, V. A. Fefilov, Z. N. Pukhovitskaya,

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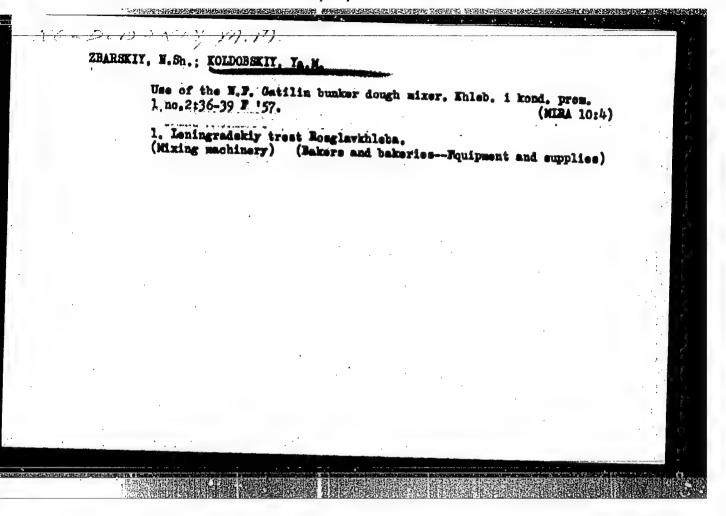
Inst

: Development of Leningrad Bread Baking Industry. Title

Orig Pub: in symposium: Pishchevaya prom-st', L., Sel'khozgiz, 1957,

Abstract: No abstract.

progras A.



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Oborudovanie zavodov zhelezobetonnykh izdelii. Moskva, Gos.
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(Vibrators)

(Vibrators)

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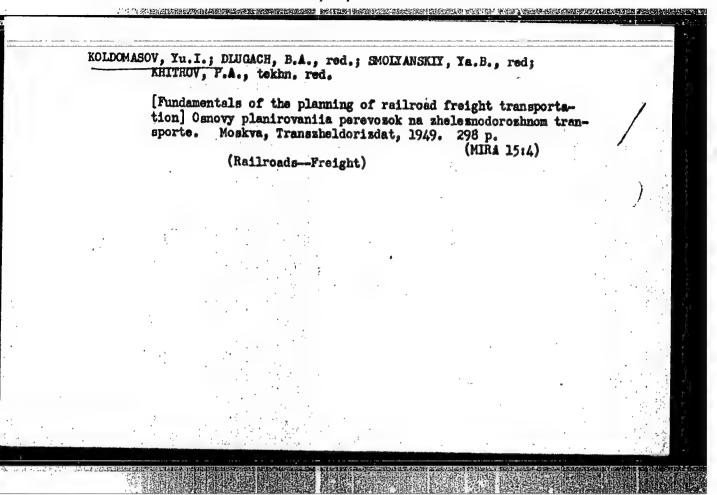
KOLDONASOV, AU.

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SO: Soviet Transportation and Communications, A Bibliography, Library of Congress, Reference Department, Washington, 1952, Unclassified.



KOLDOMASOV, Yu, I,

"Hauling Timber on USSR Railroads"

Zheleznodorozhom Transporte
Zhelezonodorozhoye Izdatel'stvo

1949 pp 197-204 272-281

KOLDOWASOV, YU. I.

Streamlining of reilroad transportation Ind. 2., perer; 1 dop. Moskva, Gos. transp. shel-dor ind-vo, 1950. 108 p. (Ekonomicheskaia bibliotechka shelesmodoroshnika) (55-29891)

HE3137.K6 1950a

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Za dal'neishuiu ratsionalizatsiiu gruzooborota zheleznodorozhnogo transporta. For further rationalization of freight traffic in railroad transportation. (Planovoe khoz-vo, 1951, no. 2, p. 66).

DLC: HC331.P52

SO: Soviet Transportation and Communications, A Bibliography, Library of Congress Reference Department, Washington, 1952, Unclassified.

KOLDOYASOV, J. Tachrical Scientist.

Lohlization of Reserve Graft for Larithme Transports: by J. Koldomasov, Technical Scientist.

""Exerchant Fleet", Issue to 1 (Jan '52)

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Volga-Don Canal

National economic significance of the Lenin Volga-Don navigable canal. Plan.khoz. No. 4, 1952

9. Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, December 1977, Uncl.

···· 上上海中共大型的工作工作开始。但是在在西班里的工作中,但是在西班里的一种主义的一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个

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Volga-Don-Canal

Significance for transportation of the Volga-Don Canal. Rech. transp. 12 No. 4

9. Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, October 195%, Uncl.

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- 2, USSR (600)
- 4, Railroads-Frieght
- 7. Effective cooperation in the work of sea and railroad transportation under the new five year plan. Mor.flot 12 no. 11, 1952.

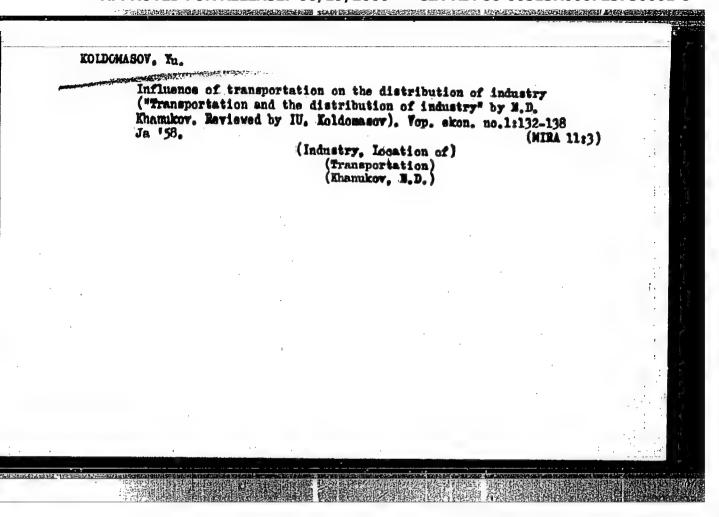
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9. Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, April 1953, Uncl.

KOLDOMASOV, Yu.I.; KRISHTAL', L.I., redaktor; KANDYKIN, A.Ye., tekhnicheskiy redaktor.

[Efficient haulage in railroad transportation] Ratsionalisatsiia perevosok na shelesnodoroshnom transporte. Isd. 2-e. perer. i dop. Hoskva. Gos. transp. shel-dor. isd-vo, 1954. 108 p. [Microfilm] (Railroads-Freight) (HLRA 8:2)



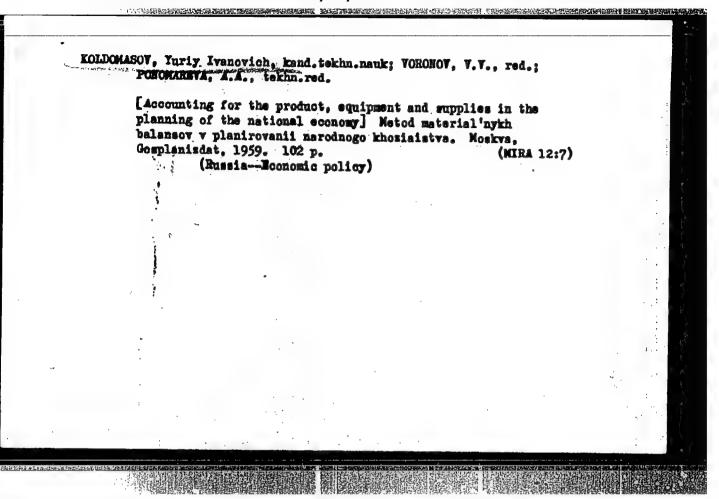
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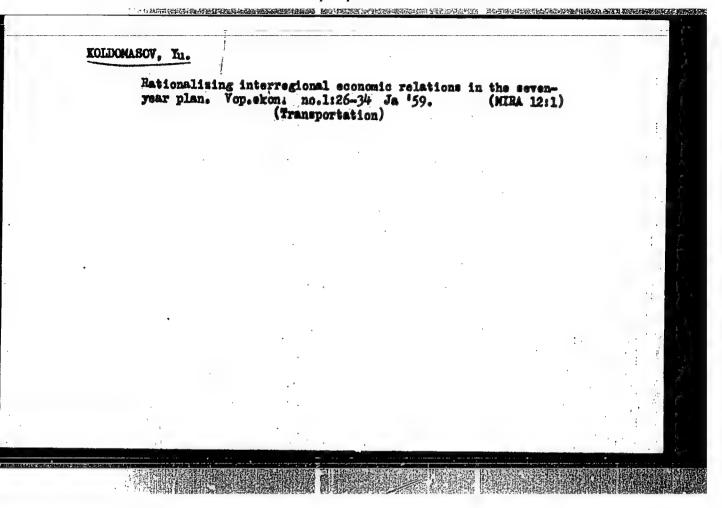
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EOLDOMASOV, Yn. I.e. kand. tekhn, nauk.

Prospects for growth in transportation. Zhel. dor. transp. 40 no.2:
18-23 7 58.

(Railroads--Freight)





KOLDOMASOV, Yuriy Ivanovich; STREL'HIKOVA, M.A., red.; POHOMAREVA, A.A.,

[Planning the supply of materials and equipment for the national economy of the U.S.S.R.] Planirovanic material no-tekhnicheskogo snabaheniia narodnogo khosiaistva v SSSR. Moskva, Gosplanisdat, 1961. 115 p. (MIRA 14:3)

1. Gosudarstvennyy nauchno-ekonomicheskiy sovet Soveta Ministrov SSSR (for Koldomesov). (Industrial progurement)

KOLDOMASOV, Yu.i.; MILYUKIN. F.P., retsenzent; RYSHCHUK, N.S., red.; USENKO, L.A., tekhn.red.

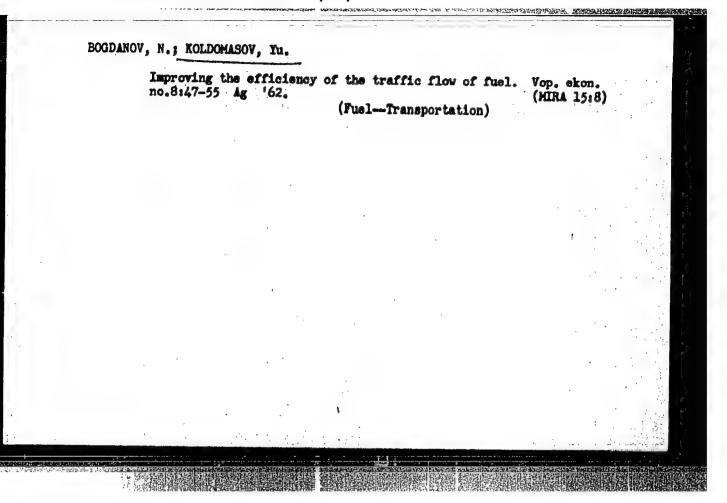
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KOLDOMASOV, Yu., kand.tekhn.nauk

Integrated transportation system in the U.S.S.R. Mor. flot.
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1. Nachal'nik Otdela Gosudarstvennogo nauchno-ekonomicheskogo Soveta Ministrov SSSR. (Transportation)



BOGDANOV, Nikolay Kirillovich; KOLDOMASOV. Yu.I., spets. red.; SMIRNOV, Ye.I., red.; GERASIHOVA, Ye.S., tekhn. red.

[Freight transportation and tariffs] Grusovye perampski i tariffi. Moskva, Ekonomisdat, 1963. 399 p. (MIRA 16:8) (Freight and freightage)

MINGALEV, Yu.A.; VERETENNIKOV, V.F.; KORLYAKOV, P.A.; KOLDOMOV, A.S.

The PL-1 conveyor-loader. Biul.tekh.-ekon.inform.Gos.nauch.-issl. inst.nauch.i tekh.inform. no.9:13-14 '63. (MIRA 16:10)

YASTREBOV, A.F.; MASTENITSA, M.A.; KOLDOMOV, M.V.; KOROLENKO, G.A.
RAGOZINA, T.T.; VILENCHIK, R.Tu.

Lung diseases of adenoviral nature in Pavlovsk District,
Altai Territory. Trudy TomNIIVS 14:60-64 '63. (MIRA 17:7)

1. Tomskiy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut vaktsin i
syvorotok i Altayskiy krayevoy otdel zdravockhraneniya.

KOLDOMSKIY, Yuriy Ivanovich; EYDEL'MAN, B.I., red.; PONOMAREVA, A.A., tekhn. red.

[Economic ties in the national economy of the U.S.S.R.] Ekonomicheskie sviazi v narodnom khoziaistve SSSR. Moskva, Ekonomizdat, 1963. 430 p. (MIRA 16:10) (Transportation) (Russia—Industries)

124-57-1-1270D

Translation from: Referativnyy zhurnal, Mekhanika, 1957, Nr 1, p 174 (USSR)

AUTHOR: Koldorkin, R.G.

TITLE: An Experiment

Card 1/1

An Experimental-analytical Method for the Determination of the Areas, Moments of Inertia, and Resistance Moments ( $I_k$  and  $W_k$ ) of Drills, Rose Reamers, Fluted Reamers, and Cylindrical End Milling Cutters (Eksperimental no-analiticheskiy metod opredeleniya ploshchadey, momentov inertsii i momentov soprotivleniya ( $I_k$  i  $W_k$ ) sverl, zenkerov, razvertok i kontsevykh tsilindricheskikh frez)

ABSTRACT: Bibliographic entry on the author's dissertation for the degree of Candidate of Technical Sciences, presented to the Gor'kovsk. politekhn. in-t (Gor'kiy Polytechnic Institute), Gor'kiy

ASSOCIATION: Gor'kovsk. politekhn. in-t (Gor'kiy Polytechnic Institute),
Gor'kiy, 1955

1. Drills--Operation--Mathematical analysis 2. Reamers--Operation --Mathematical analysis 3. Milling cutters--Operation--Mathematical analysis 4. Machine tools--Operation--Bibliography

SOV/124-58-4-4663

Translation from: Referativnyy zhurnal, Mekhaniak, 1958, Nr 4, p 142 (USSR)

AUTHOR: ~ Koldorkin, R.G.

TITLE:

Determination of the Moment of Inertia of a Composite Cross Section (Opredeleniye momenta inertsii slozhnogo poperechnogo secheniya)

PERIODICAL: Tr. Gor'kovsk. politekhn. in-ta, 1957, Vol 13. Nr 4, pp 105-

ABSTRACT: Bibliographic entry

1. Materials -- Mathematical analysis

Card 1/1

SEMENOV, Yu.N.; ZHINKIN, D.Ya.; KUZNETSOVA, A.G.; KOLDORKIN, R.G.

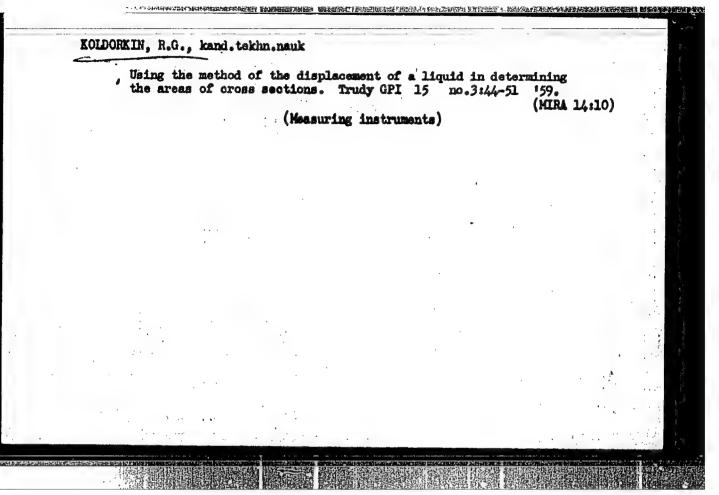
Brief reports. Zav.lab. 24 no.2:192 '58. (MIRA 11:3)

1.0or'kovskiy politekhnicheskiy institut im. A.A. Zhdanova (for Semenov, Koldorkin).

(Specific gravity) (Paint--Testing)

Determining moments of inertia and moments of resistance of complicated cross sections. Trudy GPI 15 no.3:36-43 '59.

(Strength of materials—Testing)



KOLDOVKIN, A.Ya.; BODAN, A.B.

Synthetic fatty acids and method for calculating the continuous distillation. Thim.i tekh.topl. no.6:1-8 Je '56. (MEMA 9:9)

1.Ukrnefteproyekt. (Distillation, Fractional) (Acids, Fatty)

Koldov Kin, H. Ya.

AUTHORS: Koldovkin, A.Ya. and Bodan, A.I.

65-7-6/14

TITLE:

A Scheme of Single Filter Pressing in the Production of

Paraffin (Skhema odnokratnogo filitrpressowaniya v prafinovom

proizvodstve)

PERIODICAL: Khimiya i Tekhnologiya Topliva i Masel, 1957, No.7, pp. 31 - 39 (USSR).

ABSTRACT: An analysis of the existing schemes for the production of paraffin (Groznen'skiy, Fig.1 and Drogobychskiy, Fig.2) with particular reference to the scheme of single filtration (Fig.3) is given. It is concluded that the process of single filtration is the most rational; it does not present any technical difficulties and can be carried out on existing installations. There are 3 figures, 2 tables and 11 references, 7 of which are Russian, 3 English and 1 French.

ASSOCIATION: Ukrnefteproyekt

AVAILABLE:

Library of Congress

Card 1/1

KOLDOVKIN, A.Ya., inzh.; Prinimali uchastiye: KHOKHRYALOV, P.A., dotsent; BONDARENKO, B.I., dotsent

Choice of a phenol-reclamation flowsheet in selective refining of oils. Nauch.zap.Ukrniiproekta no.4:132-140 '61. (MIRA 15:1) (Phenols) (Petroleum--Refining)

ACCESSION NR: AT3013147

8/3018/63/000/000/0589/0596

AUTHOR: Cherkasova, L. S.; Remberger, V. G.; Mironova, T. M.; Koldovskaya, P. D.

TITLE: Carbohydrate-phosphorus metabolism in the brain with total X-irradiation

SOURCE: Tret'ya Vsesoyuznaya konferentsiya po biokhimii nervnoy sistemys. Sbornik dokladov. Yerevan, 1963, 589-596

TOPIC TAGS: brain carbohydrate metabolism, brain phosphorus metabolism, carbohydrate-phosphorus metabolism, brain tissue, single X-radiation dose, fractional X-radiation dose, free glycogen, protein-bound glycogen, lipoid-bound glycogen, total glycogen, glucose-1-phosphate, glucose-6-phosphate, fructose-1.6-diphosphate, phosphopyruvic acid, carbohydrate metabolism radiation damage

ABSTRACT: The effects of single and fractional X-radiation doses on brain metabolism were investigated by determining levels of glycogen fractions (free, protein-bound, lipoid-bound, and total glycogen) and levels of carbohydrate metabolism intermediate products containing phosphorus (glucose-1-phosphate, glucose-6-phosphate, fructose-1.6-

## ACCESSION NR: AT3013147

diphosphate, and phosphopyruvic acid). Experimental white rats were X-irradiated with single total doses of 700 r (RUM-3 unit, no filter, focal length 30 cm, 38 r/min) and 40 r (RUM-3 unit, focal length 40 cm, 21 r/min). Animals were X-irradiated under the same conditions with daily 40 r fractional doses totaling 120 and 760 r. Methods for measuring glycogen fractions and products containing phosphorus are not described. Observations were made 1, 2, 5, 15, 30, 60, and 90 days after irradiation. Findings show that a single 700 r dose causes the most significant glycogen metabolism changes. With a 60th days, lipoid-bound glycogen level drops below normal on the 2nd day reaching its norm by the 60th day, protein-bound glycogen is high dose causes less marked changes with a reduction in lipoid-bound glycogen level on the 60th day and a slight decrease in protein-bound totaling 700 r produce relatively small changes in all glycogen each dose. For carbohydrate metabolism intermediate products significant shifts. With fractional doses totaling 760 r cause the most Cord 2/3

ACCESSION NR: AT3013147

and glucose-6-phosphate levels increase in the brain tissue from the 15th to the 90th days. Fructose-1.6-diphosphate level does not change during the first 15 days, decreases by the 30th day, increases by the 60th day, and then decreases again. Phosphopyruvic acid level decreases on the 60th day after irradiation but remains close to normal at all other periods. Fractional radiation doses totaling cause more serious damage to carbohydrate metabolism intermediate products. Carbohydrate-phosphorus metabolism disorders sharply reduce the utilization of brain tissue energy substances during radiation injuries. Orig. art. has: 4 figures.

ASSOCIATION: Laboratoriya biokhimii instituta fiziologii AN BSSR, Minsk (Biochemistry Laboratory of the Physiology Institute, AN BSSR)

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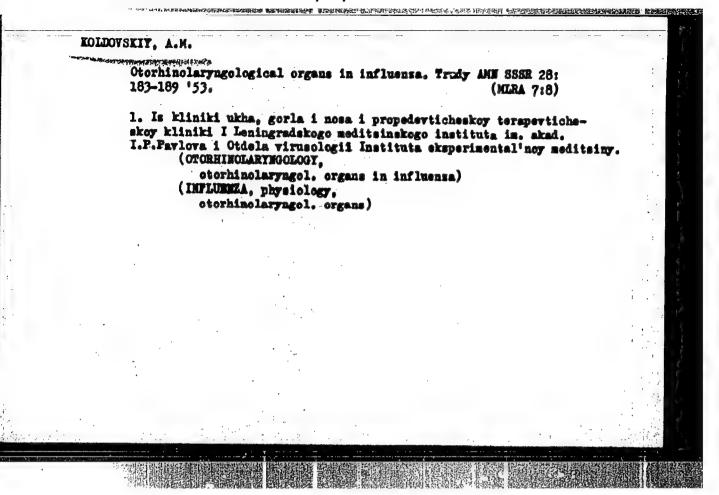
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Cand 3/3



IYEZUITOVA, MeMer TIMOPETEVA, NeMer KOLDOVSKIY, O.K., NURKS, In.Ya.;
UGCARY, A.M.

Postnatal development of the ensymatic activity of the surface of the small intestine in rats (invertase, peptidase, lipase). Dokl. AN SSSR 154. no.4:990-993 F 164.

1. Institut fisiologii im, I.P. Pavlova AN SSSR, Predstavleno akademikom A.I. Oparinym.

8/194/61/000/012/043/097 D256/D303

1.5000

AUTHOR:

Ovchinnikov, Yu. M., Dolgorukov, S. V. and Koldovskiy,

R. B.

TITLE:

Beta-ray thickness gauge BTN-1 (BTP-1) for coatings

and its application in the printing industry

PERIODICAL:

Referativnyy zhurnal, Avtomatika i radioelektronika, no. 12, 1961, 27, abstract 12V225 (Radioakt. izotopy i yadern. izlucheniya v nar. kh-ve SSSR, vol. 3, M., Gostoptekhizdat, 1961, 86-89)

TEXT: The instrument consists of a portable measuring head with a stand and an electronic unit; a ring shaped radioactive source in-

cludes ~100 µcurie of Tl<sup>204</sup>. The flux of particles reflected from the measured object is registered by a differential ionization chamber. The instrument was devised for measuring the thickness of various coatings on various base materials. The instrument was tested in the Mosgorsovnarkhoz first model typography for chromium layers thickness control of the offset printing moulds. It was

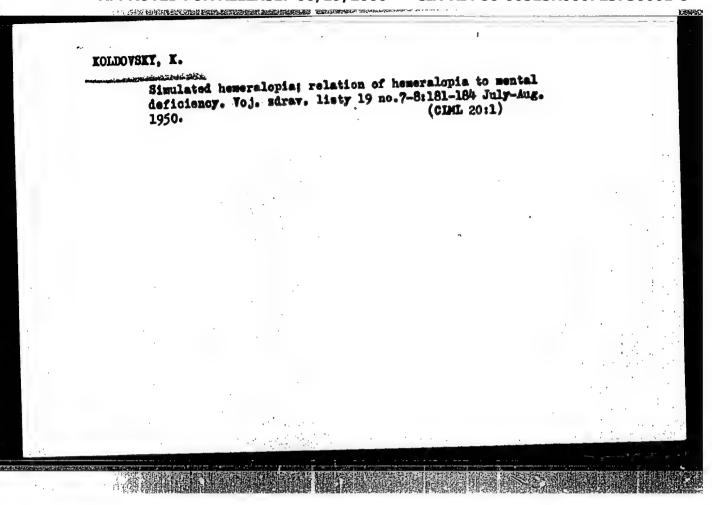
Card 1/2

33567 \$/194/61/000/012/043/097 D256/D303

Beta-ray thickness gauge ....

found possible to measure the thickness from 0 to 3 \( \mu\) and from 0 to 10 \( \mu\) with a RMS error not exceeding 0.1 and 0.3 \( \mu\) respectively. The tests proved the instrument "BTP-1" useful for thickness control of various galvanic deposits. There are 2 figures. \( \subseteq \text{Abstractor's note: Complete translation.} \)

Card 2/2



S/262/62/000/006/018/021 1007/1207

AUTHOR:

Koldovský Karel.

TITLE:

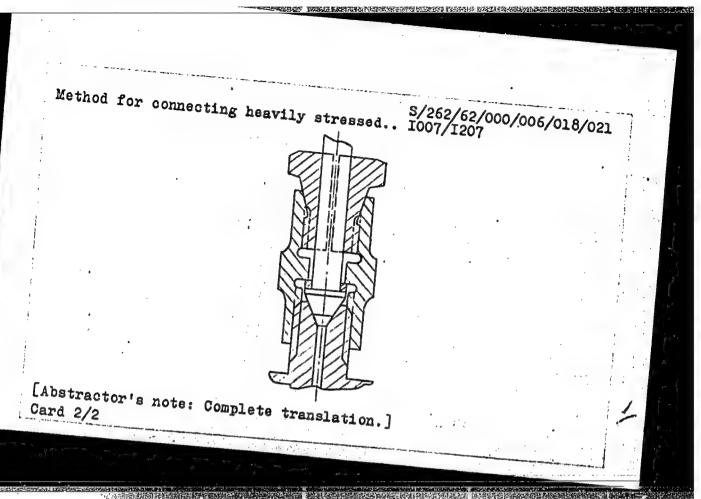
Method for connecting heavily stressed tubes

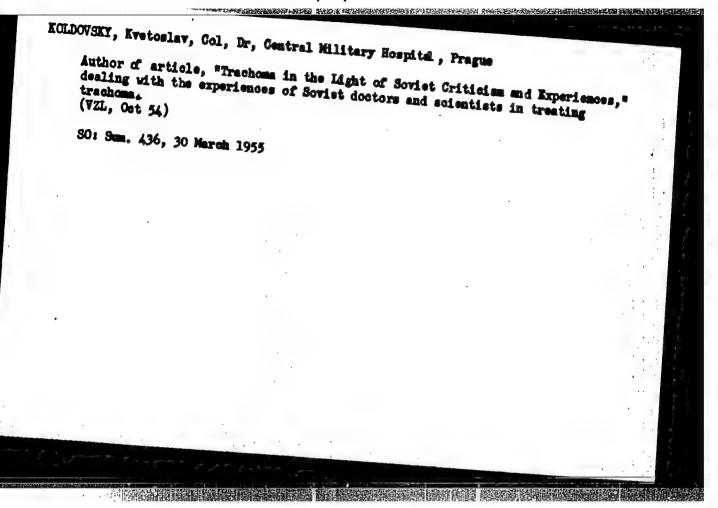
PERIODICAL: Referativnyy zhurnal, otdel'nyy vypusk. 42. Silovye ustanovki, no.6, 1962, 92, abstract 426466. (Chekhosl. pat., kl. 47 f, 9, no.94632, 15.03.60).

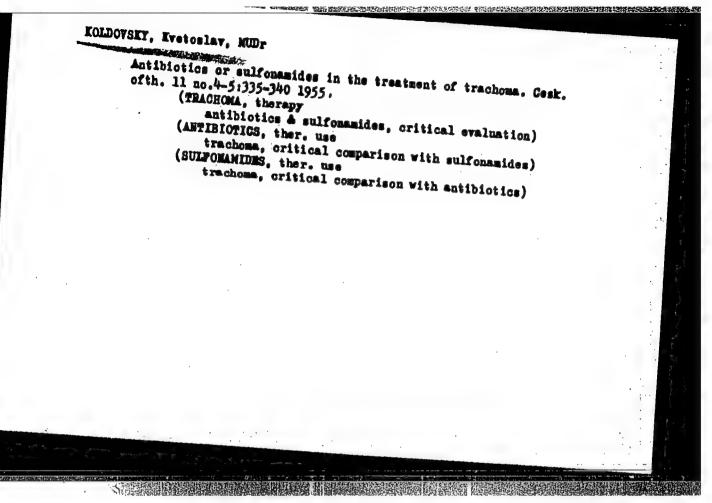
In order to eliminate the influence of vibrations on the joints between heavily stressed tubes, a nut of special shape has been designed (see figure). The lower part of the nut fastens the tube end, while the top part, provided with a split cone, is fixed to the basic nut. Lateral stresses in the tube joints are eliminated by bolting up the upper part of the nut. There is

Card 1/2

CIA-RDP86-00513R000723730001-8" APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/19/2000







Koldovsky, M. We photograph clouds. p. 155. KRIDIA VLASTI. PRAHA. No. 7,

So: Monthly List of the East European Accession, (EEAL), IC. Vol. 4,

no. 10, Oct. 1955. Uncl.

KOLDOVSKY, M.

Meteorological conditions for gliding in the course of a year. p. 234.

SO: Monthly List of East European Accessions, (EEAL), IC, Vol. 5, No. 6 June 1956, Uncl.

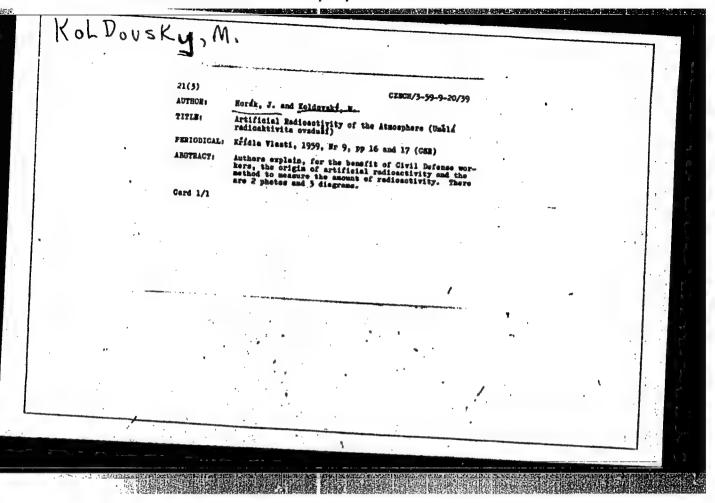
### KOLDOVSKY. M.

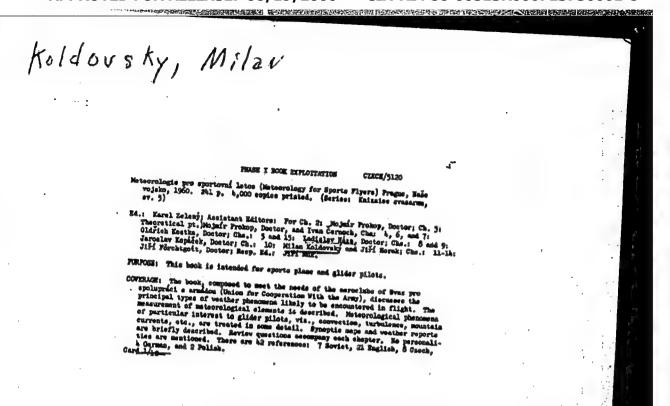
### SCIENCE

Periodicals: STUDIA GEOPHISICA ET GEODAETICA. Vol. 3, no. 1, 1959

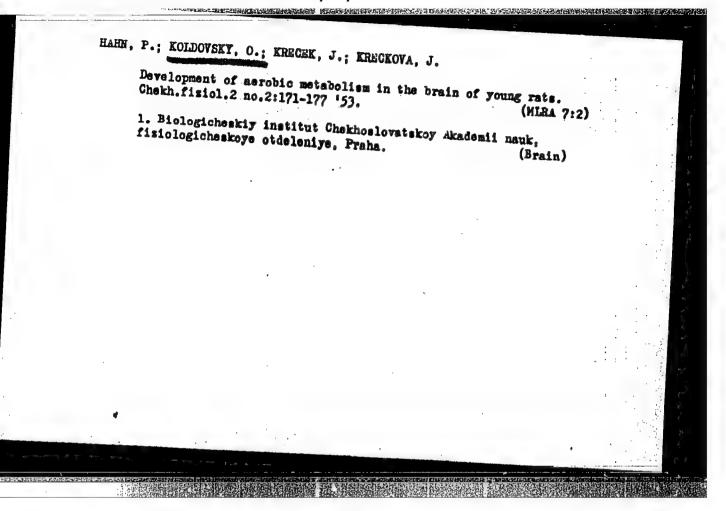
KOLDOVSKY, M. Photographic observation of the development of a thunderstorm cloud. In English. p. 93.

Monthly Eist of East European Accessions (EEAI) LC, Vol. 8, No. 5, May 1959, Unclass.





KULDUVSKY SURMACE, Given Names MILAN Country: Chrohoplovakia Academic Degrees: /not given/ Affiliation: /not given/ Source: Prague, Studia Geophysica and Geodetica, Vol 5, No 4, 1961, p 377. Dates heteerelegies! Phetegraphy /In German/, Halle (Saale), Fotokinover-Author: MOLDOVSKY, Milan Reviewer: MOPACEK, Jaroslav GPO 981643 



# KOLDOVSKY, O.; KRECKY, J.; MIKULAS, I. The influence of rearing in the dark on the development of water metabolism in young rats. Chekh fis 2 no.4:267-272 '53. (MAL 3:7) 1. From the Biological Institute of the Grechoslovak Academy of Gardens, Physiology Department, Prague. (DARIENESS, effects, \*on water metab, in young rats) (MATE, metabolism, \*eff. of darkness in young rate)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/19/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000723730001-8"

"Effect of Rearing in the Dark on Development of Water Metabolism in Young Rats." p. 377, (CESKOSLOVENSKA FYSIOLOGIE, Vol. 2, No. 4, Dec. 1953, Praha, Czechoslovakia)

SO: Monthly List of East European Accessions, (EEAL), LC, Vol. 4
No. 5, May 1955, Uncl.

# KOLDOVSKY, O.; HAHN, P.; JIRANEK, J.

Intestinal glucose resorption in rats in ontogenesis. Cesk. fysiol. 7 no.5:

1. Fysiol. ustav CSAV a fysiol. odd. Ustavu pro vyskum vysivy lidu, Praha.

(INTESTINES, physiol.
glucose resorption in rats, age factor (Gs))
(GLUCOSE, metab.
intestinal resorption in rats, age factor (Cs))
(AGING, effects,
on intestinal glucose resorption in rats (Cs))

## HAHN, P.; KOLDOVSKJ, O.

Age factor in reactions to cold of young rats. Cesk. fysiol. 8 no.3:

1. Fysiologicky ustav CSAV, Praha. Predneseno na III. fysiologickych dnech v Brne dne 15. 1. 1959.

(COLD, effects,
on young rate, age factor (Cz))

(AGIMG, effects,
on reaction to celd in rate (Cz))

KOLDOVSKY, O.; HAHN, P.; TINTERA, J.; JIRAMEK, J.

Resorption of olive oil from the gastrointestinal tract in young rats of various ages. Cesk. fysiol. 8 no.3:211 Apr 59.

1. Fysiologicky ustav CSAV a Fysiologicke oddeleni Ustavu pru vyskum vysivy lidu, Praha, Predmeseno na III. fysiologickych dnech v Erne dne 15. 1. 1959.

(GASTROINTESTIMAL SISTEM, physiol.

resorption of olive oil in young rats, age factor (Cs))

(AGING, eff.

on gastrointestimal resorption of olive oil in young rats, age factor (Os))

(OILE,

gastrointestimal resorption of olive oil in young rats, age factor (Os))

ANISIMOVA, B.; VACEK, Z.; KOLDOVSKY, O.; HAHN, P.

Histochemical studies on fat metabolism in the mucosa of the small intestine in young rats. Ceak. fysiol. 8 no.52392 S '59

1. Embryologicky ustav EU a Fysiologicky ustav Ceav, Praha.

(LIPIDS, chem.)

(INTESTINE SMALL chem.)

HAHH, P.; KOLDOVSKY, O.; ZAK, R.

Loss of liver proteins in rate of various ages after the exposure to cold. Ceak. fysiol. 8 no.5:405-406 S '59

1. Pysiologicky ustav CSAV, Praha.
(CGLD eff.)
(LIVER metab.)
(PROTEINS metab.)
(AGING eff.)

KOLDOVSKY, O.; PARIZKOVA, J.; HAHN, P.

Growth of young rats given free choice of food, Cesk, fysiol, 8 no.5:415-416 8 '59

。 1985年,我们就是我们是我们的人,我们就是我们的人,我们就是我们的人,我们就是我们的人,我们就是我们的人,我们是我们的人,我们是我们的人,我们是我们的人,我们

1. Pysiologicky ustav CSAV a Pysiol. odd. VUT, Praha. (GROWTH)

PALTOVA, M. ; KOLDOVBEY, O.

Contribution to the problem of the regulation of injected glucose from the small intestine in young rate. Cesk, fysiol. 9 no.1:10-11

l. Laborator pro fysiologii a patofysiologii premeny latek CSAV a Tysiologicky ustav CSAV. Praha.

(GLUCOSE metab.)

(INTESTINE SNALL physiol.)

HAHN, P. KOLDOVSKY, O.

Effect of the age of wearing on the growth of young rats fed the same food. Cesk. fysiol. 9 no.1:14-15 Ja 60.

1. Jysiologicky ustav OSAV, Praha. (GROWTH) (BREAST FREDING)

